



Data for three-month period 1 April - 30 June 2018

Issued October 2018

The quarterly performance snapshots show lost time and restricted work injury and incident data provided to the Department by the minerals sector for a three-month period. The snapshots can be used by employers and workers to assist in the development and promotion of safe work practices on mining operations.

For more information about injuries and incidents in the minerals sector, visit our website www.dmirs.wa.gov.au

@DMIRS_WA

Department of Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety

Injuries by age

Age range with the **greatest percentage** of injuries was **30-39 years (31%)**

30-39 years



Age range 40-49 was 2nd highest (24%)

Injuries by number



1

fatal injury



233

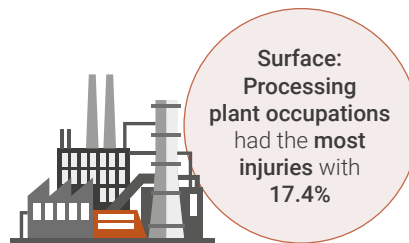
serious injuries



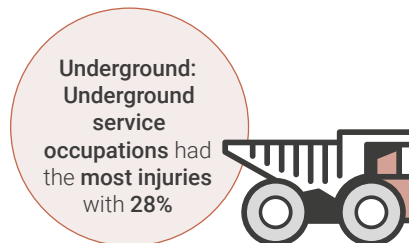
66

minor injuries

Injuries by occupation



Mechanical fitters were 2nd highest with 16.7%



Underground loading and transport occupations were second highest with 22%

Injuries by location



Surface: Heavy equipment workshop had highest percentage of injuries

Crushing, screening and conveyor had the 2nd highest with 8%



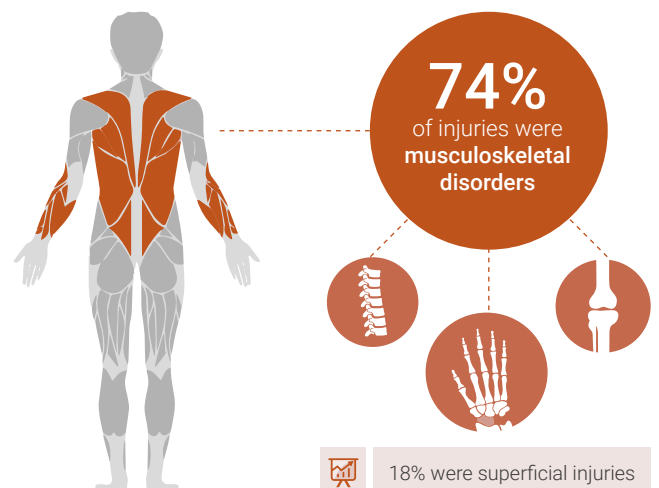
Underground: Level development had the highest percentage of injuries

Underground haulroad and stope had the 2nd highest with 22%

Injuries frequency rate by commodity (top 5)



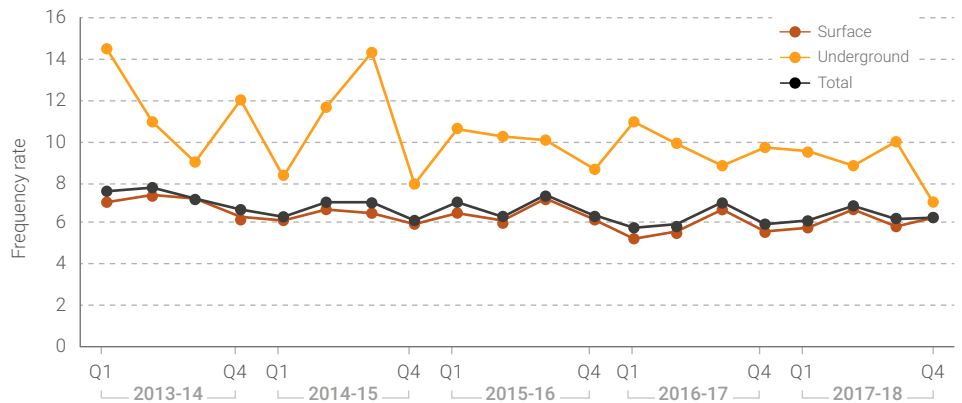
Injuries by nature



Injury frequency rate (number of injuries per million hours worked)

Last quarter, the overall total injuries have remained consistent, with 6.2 in the October to December 2017 quarter to 6.3 this quarter.

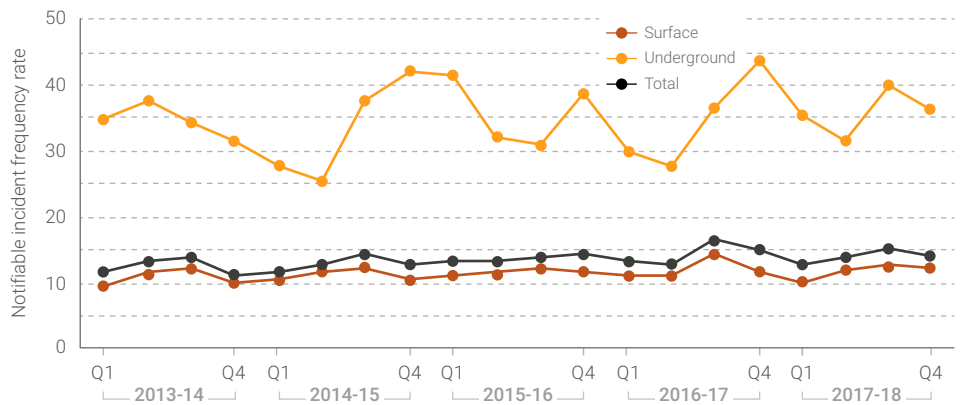
Make sure you can recognise the hazards associated with your workplace and the work you do, understand the risks, and know how to implement the control measures.



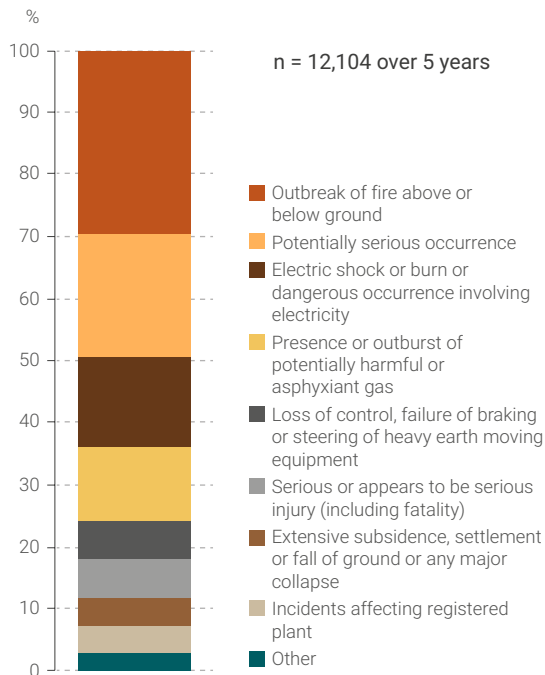
Notifiable incidents frequency rate (number of incidents per million hours worked)

Specific types of incidents, including near misses, are required to be reported to the Department. This reporting is important to identify trends and clusters of incidents that need to be addressed to help prevent injuries.

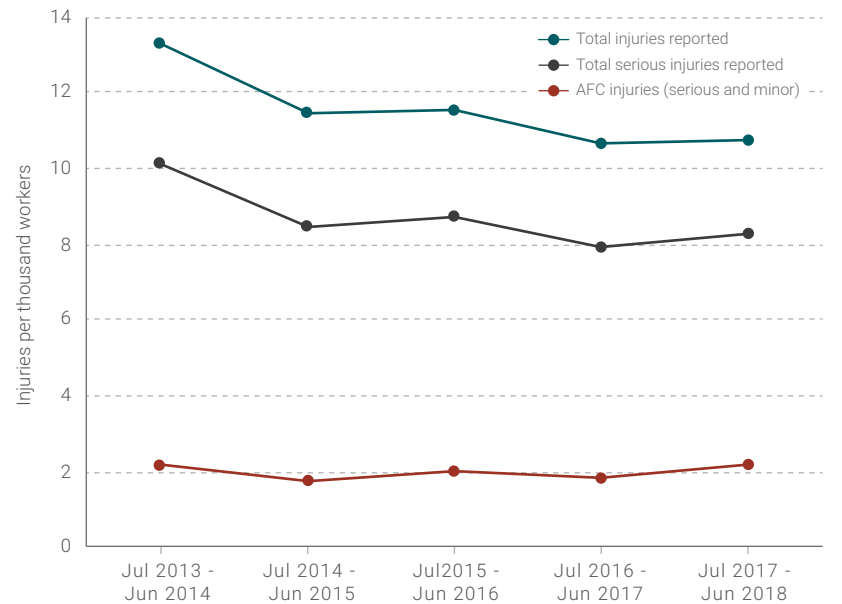
What is the reporting culture like at your site?



Notifiable incidents by reporting category



High-consequence serious injuries (amputations, fractures and crushing)



For further information, see *Analysis of serious injury data in the Western Australian mining industry July-December 2013*